

ФГОУ ВПО «СИБИРСКИЙ ФЕДЕРАЛЬНЫЙ УНИВЕРСИТЕТ»

**Вступительный тест
по английскому языку
для языковых специальностей**

**Утверждаю
Ректор СФУ**

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**ТЕСТ
Демонстрационный вариант 00**

Инструкция по выполнению работы

Экзаменационная работа состоит из двух разделов, включающих 49 вопросов.

Раздел 1 «Чтение» состоит из 2 заданий, включающих 14 вопросов. Рекомендуемое время выполнения Раздела 1 – 40 минут.

Раздел 2 «Грамматика и лексика» состоит из трех заданий, включающих 35 вопросов. Рекомендуемое время выполнения Раздела 2 - 40 минут.

По окончании выполнения заданий каждого из этих разделов не забывайте переносить свои ответы в Бланк ответов.

Чистое время проведения экзамена на одного человека (без учета времени ожидания и инструктажа) – 1 час 20 минут (80 минут)

Рекомендуется выполнять задания в том порядке, в котором они даны. Если задание не удается выполнить сразу, перейдите к следующему. Если останется время, вернитесь к пропущенным заданиям. Постарайтесь выполнить как можно больше заданий, набрать наибольшее количество баллов.

Желаем успеха!

Раздел 1. «Чтение»

Задание 1. Прочитайте текст и выберите правильный вариант **A, B, C, D** из предложенных после текста вопросов **1-6**. Правильный вариант занесите в бланк ответов.

Smile please

While you are reading this I would like you to smile. And why am I asking you to force a smile while you are in the office or on the train, or while pouring out your cornflakes? Because I would like you to understand what it is like to be a receptionist. I would like you to have some idea of how it feels to smile continually for most of the day.

But beneath this happy exterior, the life of the receptionist is supposedly a miserable affair. It is like a famous actress hiding her tragedy behind a glittering showbiz persona. For receptionists are bored, isolated and, to be honest, want a little respect. Or so says a survey conducted by recruitment consultants Maine-Tucker. A third of surveyed receptionists complained that they were bored with their job. One hesitates to point out that being bored in your job is rather par for the course. It is like going to school and hating the double maths lessons even if you are the maths teacher. That said, of course, the receptionist has the responsibility of not looking bored at all. All yawns must be hidden. The receptionist simply does not have the luxury of being able to put her head in her hands, and swear loudly in the middle of the afternoon.

One fifth claimed that they felt cut off from the rest of the company, especially those working in larger organizations. All they get is a touch of the hat and a brief hello as the rest of the company walks past first thing in the morning and the last thing at night. There is no chatting about last night's excitement.

The receptionist is often viewed as the face of a company. She or he is more than likely the first person visitors will meet when they enter the building. Therefore the receptionist has to look smartly turned out. There can't be any spilled food on your blouse or spinach stuck between your teeth. Some large firms even give their receptionists a clothing allowance to ensure that they always look presentable. Most importantly, the receptionist has to appear approachable. It is the absolute opposite of the snobbish reception you get in designer clothing stores. This is where the smiling comes in. A genuine open-lipped smile suggests warmth and openness.

But being a receptionist is not merely about answering telephones and calling up to the fourth floor to say 'Mr Jones, Mr Garfunkel is in reception'. It is often about dealing with customers or clients who are upset, or annoyed, or downright livid. The receptionist might have to listen to a visitor's dissatisfaction with the company as a whole, or about having to wait to speak to somebody in the firm, or even that he missed his train to work this morning and had to pay for a cab. Some customers may be violent or threatening. Indeed the Maine-Tucker report found that 28% of those surveyed wanted to be treated with more respect by both staff and visitors.

At a time when the role of secretary is viewed as increasingly important, where a business cannot work without someone who understands the technology and all the detail of running the office, receptionists are feeling particularly overlooked. The potential for promotion from a secretarial position is ever more likely. But for a receptionist to go quickly up the career ladder is a much more difficult task.

It is in smaller companies, especially in start-ups, that receptionists feel their role is more valued. In such organizations everyone, whatever their job, gets to contribute to a project. In this way, receptionists may get the chance to show that they have skills beyond the front desk, and are eligible for promotion. Now that is a reason for smiling.

1. According to the survey which is not true of receptionists?

- A)** They sometimes feel undervalued.
- B)** They sometimes feel isolated.
- C)** They sometimes feel bored.
- D)** They sometimes feel tired.

2. The writer suggests that

- A)** all jobs are sometimes boring.

- B) only maths is a boring subject.
- C) being a receptionist is very boring.
- D) receptionists always look bored.

3. Some receptionists are given a clothing allowance because

- A) they need to tip their hat to the staff.
- B) they buy clothes in designer stores.
- C) it's easy to spill food on their clothes.
- D) they need to make a good first impression.

4. The phrase ‘downright livid’ means

- A) lively.
- B) very angry.
- C) they feel they are right.
- D) extremely violent.

5. The writer says that secretaries

- A) know a little about technology.
- B) have better career prospects than receptionists.
- C) often look down on receptionists.
- D) have similar problems to receptionists.

6. Receptionists are happier in smaller companies because

- A) they get the chance to start up new projects.
- B) they have more opportunities to smile.
- C) they don't have to sit at the front desk.
- D) they are more involved in decision making.

Задание 2. Прочитайте текст с пропусками. В вопросах 7-14 выберите правильный вариант А-І, соответствующий пропуску, и занесите его в бланк ответов. Одно предложение является лишним.

Designer living

It is hard to tell whether Hector Serrano is very serious or just has a dry sense of humour. When you enter his flat you are greeted in two languages. ‘Hallo,’ he says in a thick Spanish accent, as he opens the front door in his green glasses, brown woolly jumper, and orange leather slippers. (7)_____

Serrano graduated from the RCA’s Product Design MA course that year. While he was still there he won the 16,000 Peugeot Design Award, beating his tutor Roberto Feo. (8)_____ It is difficult to get into the house because the hall is cluttered with their bikes and there are piles of books and papers everywhere. (9)_____ The walls are all brightly coloured, paper bags are used as lampshades and unusual self-built furniture fills every room.

Serrano’s workshop is in his bedroom. (10)_____ ‘They are Mr Potatohead’s glasses’, I am informed. Was it Mr Potatohead, then that gave him the idea for his successful design, a soft, squeezable lamp that won him the Peugeot award? ‘No’ he replies, picking up and squeezing a red stress ball. ‘This was’.

Serrano has other designs on display such as his new but unfinished ‘top secret’ design on his wardrobe clothes rail. (11)_____ It is made from strips of plastic stuffed into a clear nylon net, which hangs from the ceiling. There’s a drinking bottle based on the traditional Spanish botijos. It looks

like a plastic bottle but is made in white pottery and has a spout and handle. ‘It can be used as a drinking bottle’ says Serrano, raising it to his lips, ‘or as a jug’. He bends over and pours the water into a glass.

Serrano has only been in London two years. (12)_____ Someone had told him design was nice and easy, and he was fed up with studying physics, maths and literature. (13)_____ Unsurprisingly, though, poor Serrano misses the Spanish sun and paella. Otherwise, he’s very happy. The only thing that upsets him are those open-backed buses in London. ‘It might be a tradition but they are very, very dangerous’. (14)_____

* RCA stands for the Royal College of Art

- A** On the bench, there’s a tiny pair of glasses similar to Serrano’s own.
- B** He arrived here from Valencia with good reports of the RCA from a friend.
- C** He still lives with two RCA student friends in a rented house in Queen’s Park.
- D** In the corner, there is a strange looking hanging lamp.
- E** It is not clear if he is being serious or not.
- F** ‘Bonjour’ reads the doormat.
- G** It’s obvious that this is the flat of design students.
- H** He wanted to study something more creative.
- I** This design won him the Peugeot award.

Раздел 2. «Грамматика и лексика».

Задание 3. Прочитайте текст с пропусками, обозначенными номерами 15-22. Выберите правильный вариант **A, B, C, D** и занесите в бланк ответов.

Mrs Garstin was a hard, cruel, managing and ambitious woman. Coming to Hong Kong on her marriage, she found it hard to reconcile herself to the fact that her social position was (15) _____ by her husband’s occupation.

Of course everyone was very kind, and for two or three months they went out to parties almost every night, but she understood quickly that as the wife of a bacteriologist she was of no particular consequence.

“It’s too absurd,” she told her husband. “There’s hardly anyone here that one would bother about for five minutes at home.”

“It is rather funny when you think of all the people who used to come to our house, when we were at home, that here we should be (16) _____ like dirt,” she said, laughing in (17) _____ that what she said might not seem snobbish.

She was the daughter of a solicitor in Liverpool, and Bernard Garstin had met her there. He had seemed then a young man of (18) _____ and her father said he would go far, but he hadn’t.

He was painstaking, industrious and capable, but he had not the will to advance himself. Mrs Garstin despised him. But she recognized that she could only achieve success through him, and she set herself to drive him on the way she desired to go.

She discovered that if she wanted him to do something which his sensitiveness revolved against she had only to give him no peace and eventually, exhausted, he would give (19) _____.

Still he made no headway as a leader. But he (20) _____ any disappointment he may have felt, and if he reproached his wife it was in his heart.

His daughters had never looked upon him as anything but a source of (21) _____; and now, understanding that through his (22) _____ money was less plentiful; the indifference they had felt for him was tinged with contempt.

- | | | | | |
|-----|------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| 15. | A. decided | B. determined | C. revealed | D. fixed |
| 16. | A. treated | B. dealt | C. taken | D. regarded |
| 17. | A. case | B. fact | C. condition | D. order |
| 18. | A. luck | B. promise | C. hope | D. expectation |
| 19. | A. away | B. over | C. in | D. off |
| 20. | A. held | B. kept | C. experienced | D. concealed |
| 21. | A. wages | B. income | C. earnings | D. profits |
| 22. | A. guilt | B. fault | C. blame | D. inability |

Задание 4. Прочитайте приведенный ниже текст. Пропуски 23-38 необходимо заполнить словами так, чтобы они лексически и грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. В каждом пропуске используйте только одно слово. Занесите выбранные варианты в бланк ответов.

The Model T Ford

The age of the car started (23) _____ the 12th August 1908, when the first Model T Ford rolled off (24) _____ world's first assembly line. From the beginning demand was high and orders came in from all (25) _____ the world. Henry Ford quickly realized that the company (26) _____ have to expand quickly to meet demand. As a result, he introduced the idea (27) _____ 'the mass production line'. However, the company still (28) _____ problems meeting the orders so he (29) _____ to open another branch in Kansas City. Two years later, the company (30) _____ producing cars on a moving assembly line. An official history of Ford says 'In October 1913 mass production (31) _____ the automobile began'. Before this, Ford (32) _____ only been able to organize men and components in order (33) _____ improve the efficiency of the Model, but the moving assembly line improved the speed of chassis assembly (34) _____ 12 hours to only 1 hour 33 minutes. In 1914 Ford (35) _____ 308,162 cars in his factories, (36) _____ was more than all the other manufacturers combined. The age of (37) _____ car had definitely arrived and the car would become the most (38) _____ means of transport in the 20th century.

Задание 5. Прочтите представленный ниже текст и заполните пропуски 39-49. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Занесите выбранные варианты в бланк ответов.

Sport in Society

The position of sport in today's society has changed out of all (39) _____. People no longer seem to think of sport as "just a game" – to be watched or played for the sake of (40) _____. Instead, it has become big business worldwide. It has become accepted practice for (41) _____ companies to provide sponsorship. TV companies pay large sums of money to screen important matches or (42) _____. The result has been huge (43) _____ rewards for athletes, some of whom are now very (44) _____, particularly top footballers, golfers and tennis players. In addition, it is not (45) _____ for some athletes to receive large fees on top of their salary, for advertising products or making personal appearances. A trend towards shorter working hours means that people (46) _____ tend to have more free time, both to watch and to take part in sporting activity; sport has become a (47) _____ part of the recreation industry that we now rely on to fill our leisure hours. (48) _____ sport is a vital part of that industry, providing (49) _____ for millions of ordinary people all over the world.

RECOGNIZE

ENJOY

LEAD

COMPETE

FINANCE

WEALTH

USUAL

GENERAL

SIGNIFY

PROFESSION

PLEASE

Бланк ответов**Ф.И.О.** _____**Вариант теста** _____**Общий балл** _____

Номер вопроса	Вариант ответа	Номер вопроса	Вариант ответа
		26	
1		27	
2		28	
3		29	
4		30	
5		31	
6		32	
7		33	
8		34	
9		35	
10		36	
11		37	
12		38	
13		39	
14		40	
		41	
15		42	
16		43	
17		44	
18		45	
19		46	
20		47	
21		48	
22		49	
23			
24			
25			

Ключи к тесту
Демонстрационный вариант
Английский язык для языковых специальностей

Номер вопроса	Вариант ответа	Номер вопроса	Вариант ответа
	Раздел 1 «Чтение»	26	might/would
1	D	27	of
2	A	28	faced/had
3	D	29	decided/had
4	B	30	began/started/was
5	B	31	of
6	D	32	had
7	F	33	to
8	C	34	from
9	G	35	made/produced
10	A	36	which
11	D	37	the
12	B	38	common/important/popular
13	H	39	recognition
14	E	40	enjoyment
	Раздел 2 «Грамматика и лексика»	41	leading
15	B	42	competitions
16	A	43	financial
17	D	44	wealthy
18	B	45	unusual
19	C	46	generally
20	D	47	significant
21	B	48	professional
22	B	49	pleasure
23	on		
24	the		
25	over		